



Wednesday 8 June 2016 – Afternoon

GCSE GEOGRAPHY B

B563/01 Key Geographical Themes (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

 Resource Booklet (B563/A772/01/02/RB – inserted)

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes



| Candidate forename | | | | Candidate surname | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| Centre number | | | | Candidate nu | ımber | | |

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The Resource Booklet will be found inside this document. You may not use all of the resources. The questions tell you which resource(s) you need to use.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 99.
- You will be assessed on the quality of written communication in your answer to the following questions: 1(g), 2(g) and 3(g). Questions marked with a pencil () will carry 3 additional marks for spelling, punctuation and grammar.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Answer all the questions.

SECTION A – Population and Settlement

| Us | e Fig | s 3, 4 and 5 in the Reso | ource Booklet. | | |
|-----|-------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) | Stu | dy Fig. 3 , population py | ramids for Japan (MEDC |) in 1950, 2005 and 2 | 2050. |
| | (i) | Which year shows the | highest number of peopl | e aged under 15? | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Which year shows the | highest number of peopl | e aged over 65? | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| | (iii) | What is the predicted answer | number of females age | d over 90 for 2050? | Circle) the correct |
| | | 1 million | 3 million | 5 million | [1] |
| (b) | Ci | rcle the correct words to | o complete the sentence | s which follow: | |
| | (i) | The population pyram to | ids show that from 1950 |) to 2050 Japan's bi | rth rate is predicted |
| | | decrease | stay the same | increase | [1] |
| | (ii) | The population pyramito | ids show that from 1950 | to 2050 Japan's de | ath rate is predicted |
| | | decrease | stay the same | increase | [1] |
| (c) | Su | ggest reasons to explain | the changes in birth and | d death rates in an M | EDC such as Japan. |
| | Birt | h Rate: | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Dea | ath Rate: | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | [4] |

1

| (d) | Study Fig. 4 , a photograph of a squatter settlement in the city of Nairobi in Kenya (LEDC). |
|-----|--|
| | Describe the problems for people who live in squatter settlements, such as the one shown in Fig. 4. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| (e) | Describe and explain two ways in which the quality of life can be improved for people who live in squatter settlements such as the one shown in Fig. 4 . |
| | Way 1: |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Way 2: |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| | |

(f) Study Fig. 5, a diagram showing land use zones in an LEDC city.

| (i) | State two ways in which the land use zones in an MEDC city would be different to those in an LEDC city. |
|------|---|
| | Way 1: |
| | Way 2: |
| | [2] |
| (ii) | State two ways in which the location of the land use zones in an MEDC city would be similar to those in an LEDC city. |
| | Way 1: |
| | Way 2: |
| | [2] |

(g) CASE STUDY – an example of international migration

| • | Give the name of the country that people migrated from . |
|---|---|
| | Name of country |
| • | Give the name of the country that people migrated to. |
| | Name of country |
| • | Explain, with detail, the causes of the migration. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| • | Describe, with detail, how the migration has been managed. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | roı |
| | [9] |

Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

Section B - Natural Hazards

| 2 | Use | Figs | s 6a, 6b, 7 and 8 in the Resource Booklet. |
|---|-----|-------|--|
| | (a) | Stud | dy Fig. 6a, a world map showing the risk of death due to severe drought. |
| | | (i) | State the level of risk of death due to severe drought for the continent of Europe. |
| | | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | Which continent has the highest risk of death due to severe drought? |
| | | | [1] |
| | | (iii) | Study Fig. 6b, a world map showing drought events from 2000–2010. |
| | | | Name the continent with countries which had more than three severe drought events. |
| | | | [1] |
| | (b) | Sug | gest why the impact of severe drought is more serious in LEDCs than in MEDCs . |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| (c) | Identify two causes of severe drought from the list below. | |
|-----|--|------------|
| | Tick (✓) your two answers | |
| | Condensation | |
| | Descending air | |
| | High pressure | |
| | High temperatures | |
| | Thunderstorms | ~ 1 |
| | Į. | 2] |
| (d) | Study Fig. 7 which shows some drought management methods used in MEDCs. | |
| | Choose two of the methods. | |
| | Describe each method and explain how it can reduce the impact of a severe drought. | |
| | Chosen Method: | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Chosen Method: | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | 4] |

© OCR 2016 Turn over

| (e) | Tropical storms are another type of climatic hazard. |
|-------------|--|
| | Describe two weather conditions of tropical storms. |
| | Explain how each is a hazard to people. |
| | Weather condition 1 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Weather condition 2 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | FA1 |
| (£) | [4] |
| (f) | Study Fig. 8, a photograph of a tropical storm shelter in Bangladesh. |
| | Explain how the tropical storm shelter could reduce the impact of a tropical storm on the loca people. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |

(g) CASE STUDY – a tectonic hazard event in an LEDC place

| • | State the type of tectonic hazard and name the LEDC place in which it happened. |
|---|--|
| | Type of tectonic hazard: |
| | Name of LEDC place: |
| • | Describe, with detail, the impact of the tectonic hazard on the LEDC place. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| • | Explain, with detail, what caused the tectonic hazard. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | ro1 |
| | [9] + |
| | |

© OCR 2016 Turn over

Section C – Economic Development

| Use | Fig | s 9, 10 and 12 in the Resource | e Booklet. | | | |
|-----|-------|---|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|
| (a) | Stu | dy Fig. 9 , pie charts showing t | he employment st | ructure for three c | ountries. | |
| | (i) | Which country has the highes | st percentage of p | rimary workers? | | |
| | | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Which country has the highes | st percentage of te | ertiary workers? | | |
| | | | | | | [1] |
| | (iii) | What was the percentage of v | workers employed | in the secondary | sector in Sri La | anka? |
| | | Circle the correct answer: | 8% | 28% | 48% | [1] |
| (b) | | Fig. 9 to identify two pieces | of evidence which | show that Tanzar | nia is less ecor | nomically |
| | | eloped than Germany. | | | | |
| | - | lain how each piece of evidend many. | ce shows that Tanz | ania is less econo | omically develo | ped than |
| | Evid | dence 1: | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Evid | dence 2: | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | [4] |
| (c) | Stu | dy Fig. 10 which shows worker | rs in Tanzania. | | | |
| | Wha | at type of workers are shown in | n Fig. 10 ? | | | |
| | Cir | cle) the correct answer: | | | | |
| | | primary | secondary | tertiary | | |
| | Give | e a reason for your answer. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

3

| (d) | Describe and explain two factors which affect the location of secondary industry. |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| (e) | Study Fig. 12, information about aid from the USA to the Philippines after a natural disaster. |
| | Explain how the aid could have helped local people after the natural disaster. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| | |

| (f) | Some aid from MEDCs can cause problems for LEDCs . |
|------------|--|
| | Explain two problems which can be caused for LEDCs when they receive aid from MEDCs . |
| | Problem 1: |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Problem 2: |
| | |
| | |
| | [4] |

| (g) | | CASE STUDY – an economic activity that has damaged the physical (natural) environment |
|-----|---|--|
| | • | State the type of economic activity and give its location. |
| | | Type of economic activity: |
| | | Location: |
| | • | Describe, with detail, how the economic activity has damaged the physical (natural) environment. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | • | Describe, with detail, how the damage to the physical (natural) environment has been managed. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [9] |
| | | + # Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3] |

END OF QUESTION PAPER

14

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

| must be clearly shown in the margin(s). | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| ••••• | |
|-------|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| | |
|-------|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| . | |
| | |



Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.