Write your name here Surname	Other n	ames
Pearson Edexcel GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Geograp Unit 2: People and		
		Higher Tier
		Higher Tier
Tuesday 6 June 2017 – A Time: 1 hour 15 minute		Paper Reference 5GB2H/01

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- In Section A, answer **all** questions.
- In Section B, answer **either** question 5 **or** 6.
- In Section C, answer **either** question 7 **or** 8.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 78.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
 - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.
- The marks available for spelling, punctuation and grammar are clearly indicated.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.



Turn over ▶



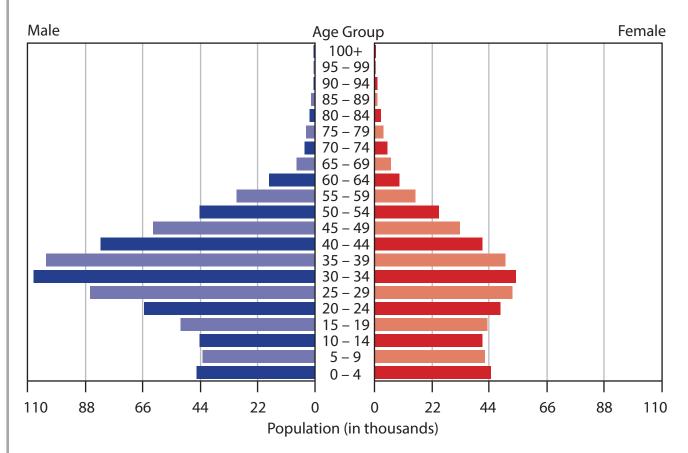
(2)

SECTION A - INTRODUCTION TO PEOPLE AND THE PLANET

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Topic 1: Population Dynamics

1 Figure 1 shows the population pyramid for Bahrain in 2014.



(Source: from http://www.indexmundi.com/bahrain/age_structure.html)

Figure 1

(a) Study Figure 1.

Describe **one** difference between the number of males and females in Bahrain in 2014.

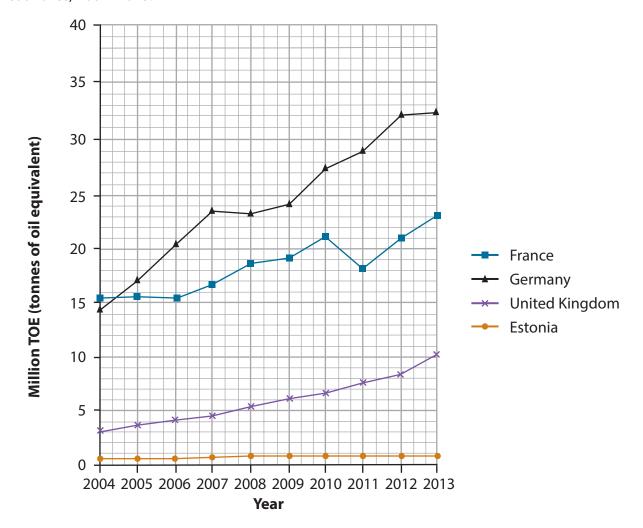
(b) Explain two reasons why the death rate is falling in some countries.	(4)
1	
2	

*(c) Explain why some countries have policies to encourage immigration.	(6)
(Total for Question 1 =	12 marks)

BLANK PAGE QUESTION 2 BEGINS ON THE NEXT PAGE.

Topic 2: Consuming Resources

2 Figure 2 shows energy consumption from renewable resources in selected European countries, 2004–2013.



(Source: from http://data.worldbank.org)

Figure 2

(a) Study Figure 2.

Describe **one** difference in the energy consumption from renewable resources between France and Germany.

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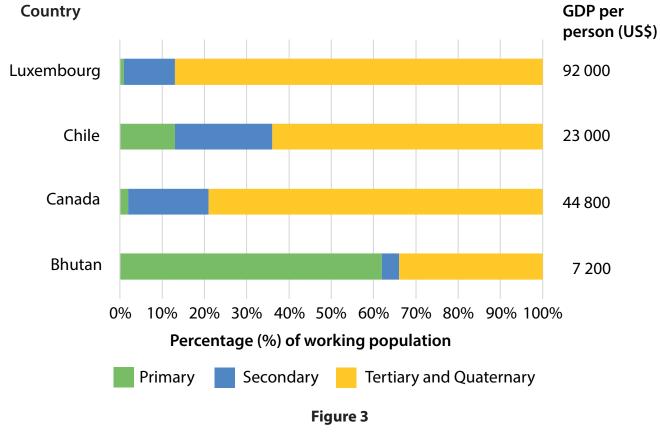
(b)	(b) Explain Boserup's theory about the relationship between population and resources.				
	You may use a diagram in your answer.	(4)			
		(4)			



*(c) Explain the issues for the supply of energy from a name resource.	ed non-renewable energy (6)
Named non-renewable energy resource	
(Tal	tal for Question 2 = 12 marks)
(101	MI 101 QUESTION 2 - 12 MAINS)

Topic 3: Globalisation

3 Figure 3 shows employment and economic data for four countries in 2014.



(a) Study Figure 3.

Describe the relationship between GDP per person and the percentage of people working in the primary sector in 2014.

(2)

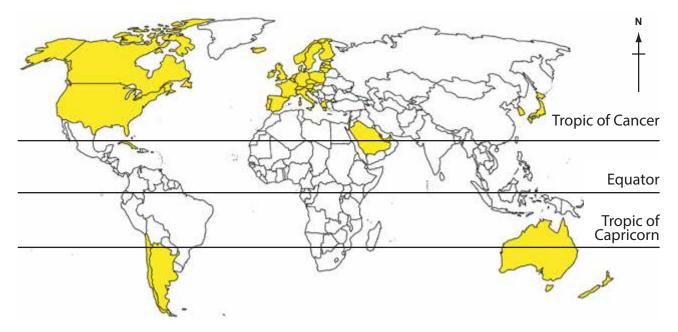
(b) Describe how the World Trade Organisation (WTO) has created a more globalised economy.				
cconomy.	(4)			

*(c) Explain why a named transnati countries.	onal corporation (TNC) operates in diffe	rent (6)
Named TNC			
		(Total for Question	n 3 = 12 marks)



Topic 4: Development Dilemmas

4 Figure 4 shows the location of the countries with a very high Human Development Index (HDI) in 2014.



Country with a very high Human Development Index (HDI) (score over 0.8)

Figure 4

(a) Study Figure 4.

Describe the distribution of countries with a very high HDI.

(2)

(b	(b) Explain how Rostow's modernisation theory helps us to understand the development of countries over time.				
	You may use a diagram in your answer.				



develop.	ica, explain why it is difficult for it to (6)
Named country in Sub-Saharan Africa	
	(Total for Question 4 = 12 marks)
	TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 48 MARKS



(a) Study Figure 5.

SECTION B - SMALL-SCALE PEOPLE AND THE PLANET

Answer ONE question in this section.

Topic 5: The Changing Economy of the UK

If you answer Question 5 put a cross in the box $\ oxdiv$.

Spelling, punctuation and grammar will be assessed in 5*(c).

Figure 5 shows an example of de-industrialisation in Suffolk.



(Source: from ©UniversalImagesGroup /Getty Images)

Figure 5

9	Suggest one impact of the de-industrialisation shown in Figure 5.	
		(2)

(b) Explain one reason for de-industrialisation in the UK.	(2)

*(c) Examine the increasing contribution of the digital economy to the UK.	(8)
(Total for spelling, punctuation and grammar = 3 ma	arks)
(Total for Question 5 = 15 ma	



Topic 6: Changing Settlements in the UK

If you answer Question 6 put a cross in the box $\ oxdots$.

Spelling, punctuation and grammar will be assessed in 6*(c).

Figure 6 shows an example of urban regeneration in East London.



(Source: from © London Borough of Tower Hamlets)

Figure 6

Suggest one impact of the urbar	regeneration	shown in Figure 6.
suggest one impact of the dibar	regeneration	snown in rigare o.

Suggest one impact of the urban regeneration shown in Figure 6.	(2)
(b) Explain one reason for population decline in some areas of the UK.	(2)

(a) Study Figure 6.

of life.	(8)
	(0)
	(Total for spelling, punctuation and grammar = 3 marks)
	(Total for Question 6 = 15 marks)



(2)

SECTION C - LARGE-SCALE PEOPLE AND THE PLANET

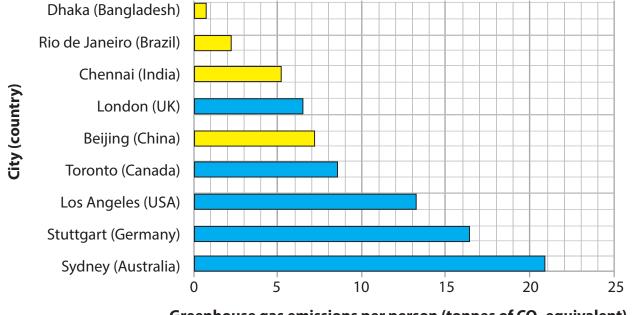
Answer ONE question in this section.

Topic 7: The Challenges of an Urban World

If you answer Question 7 put a cross in the box \square .

Spelling, punctuation and grammar will be assessed in 7*(b).

Figure 7 shows the greenhouse gas emissions in selected cities in 2014.



Greenhouse gas emissions per person (tonnes of CO₂ equivalent)

Developing
Developed

Figure 7

- (a) Study Figure 7.
 - (i) Describe **one** difference in greenhouse gas emissions per person for cities in developed and developing countries in 2014.

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(ii)	Suggest one reason why cities in developed and developing countries have different levels of greenhouse gas emissions.	(2)

*(b) Examine the advantages and disadvantages of attempts to reduce pollution in cities in the developing world.	
	(8)
(Total for spelling, punctuation and grammar = 3 (Total for Question 7 = 15	



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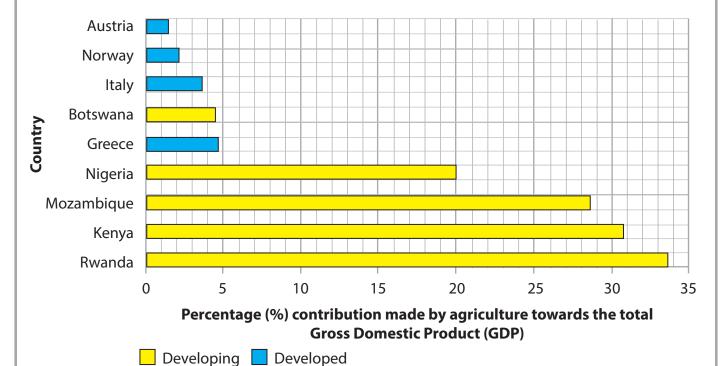
(2)

Topic 8: The Challenges of a Rural World

If you answer Question 8 put a cross in the box \square .

Spelling, punctuation and grammar will be assessed in 8*(b).

8 Figure 8 shows the percentage contribution made by agriculture to the total Gross Domestic Product (GDP) for selected countries in 2014.



(Source: from http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NV.AGR.TOTL.ZS)

Figure 8

- (a) Study Figure 8.
 - (i) Describe **one** difference in the contribution made by agriculture to the total GDP in developed and developing countries.

(ii) Suggest one reason for the differences in the contribution made by agriculture to the total GDP in developed and developing countries.	(2)

*(b) Examine why some farms more sustainable.	in the developed world have diversified to become	
	(8	3)
	(Total for spelling, punctuation and grammar = 3 marks (Total for Question 8 = 15 marks	

TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 15 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 78 MARKS

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